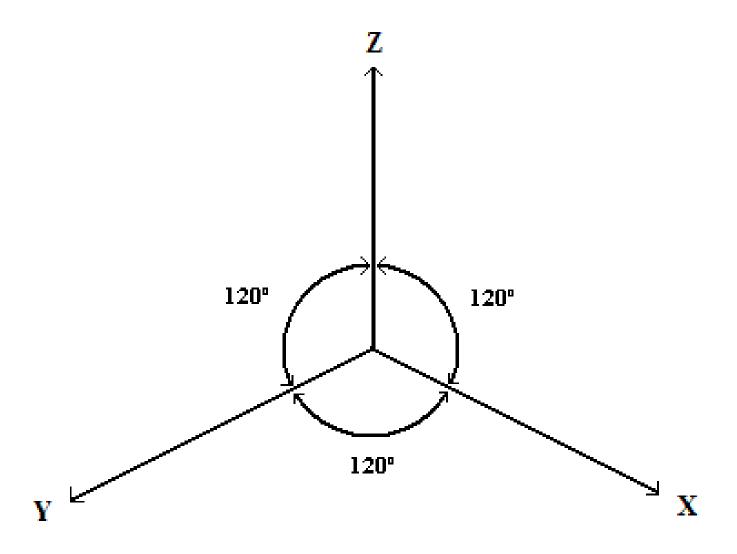
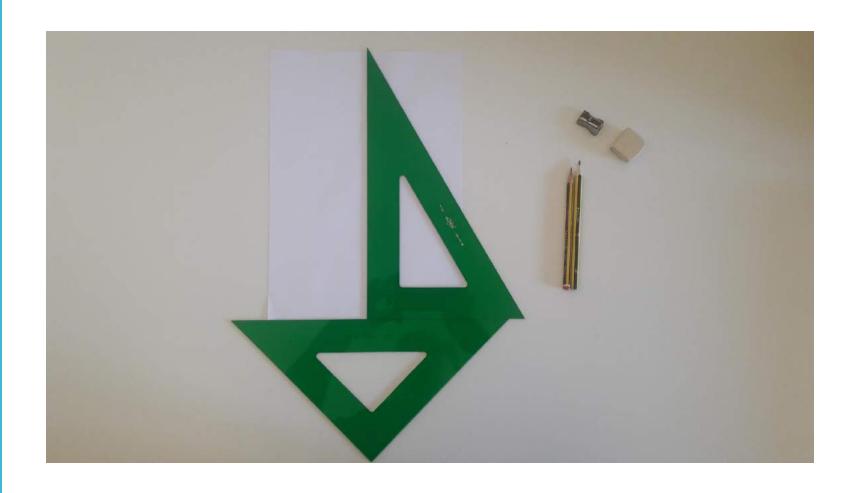
Perspectiva Isométrica

4° ESO

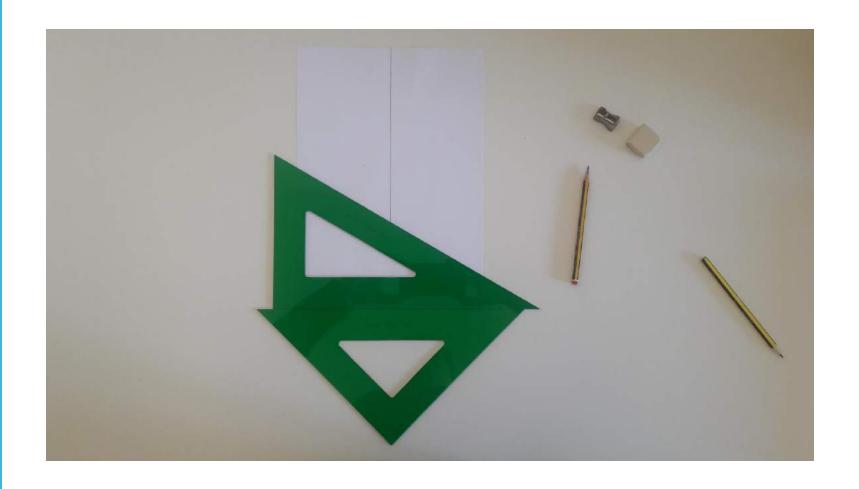
Los ejes Isométricos



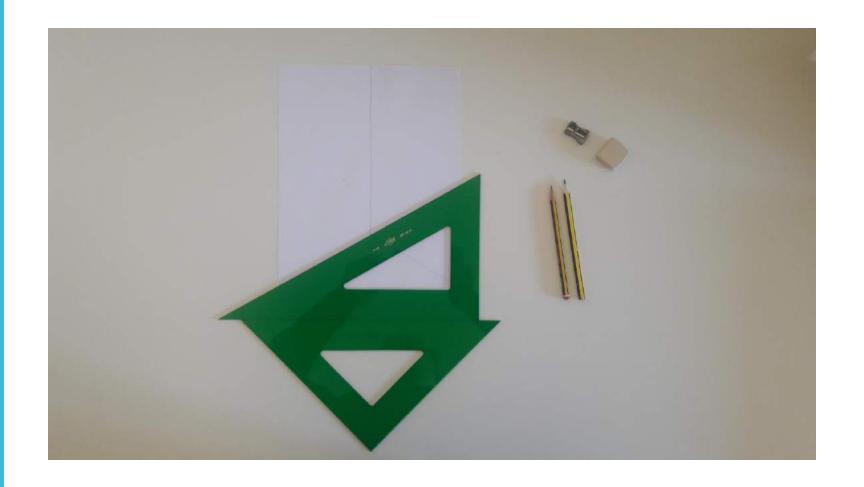
Dibujar el eje Z



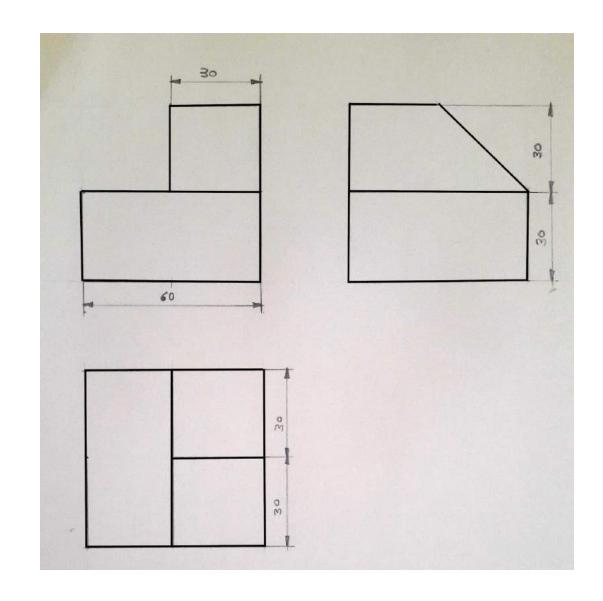
Dibujar el eje X

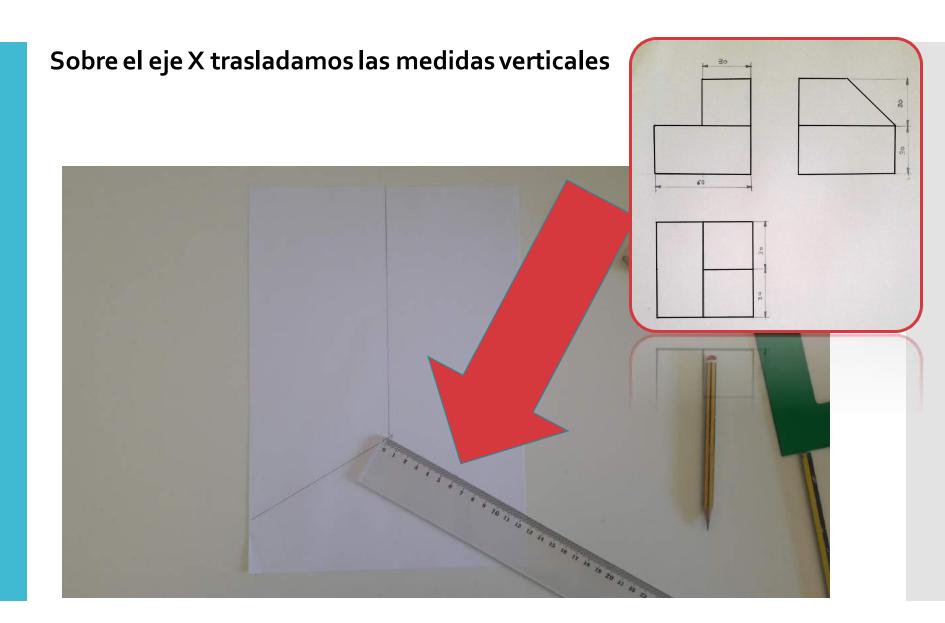


Dibujar el eje Y

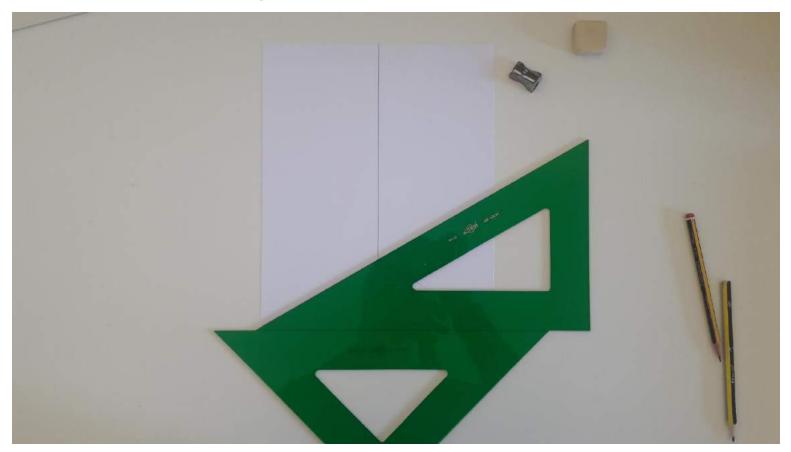


Estas son las vistas de la figura a realizar

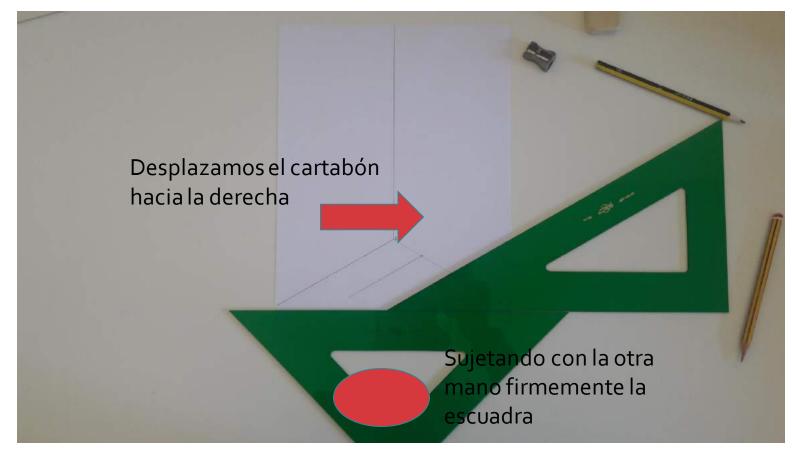


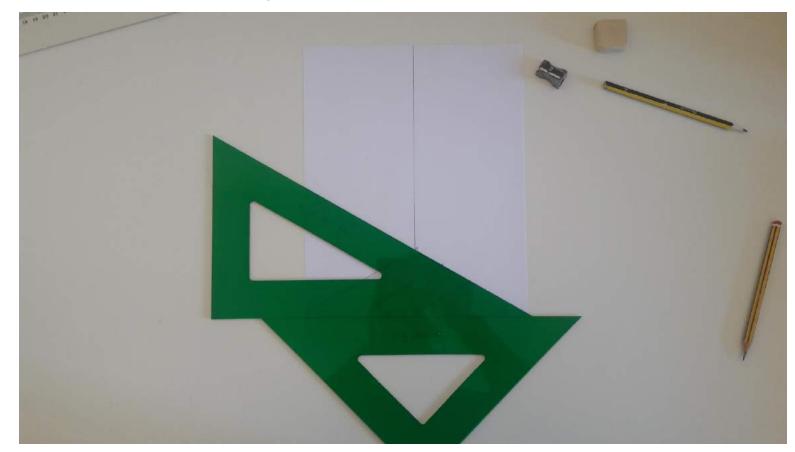


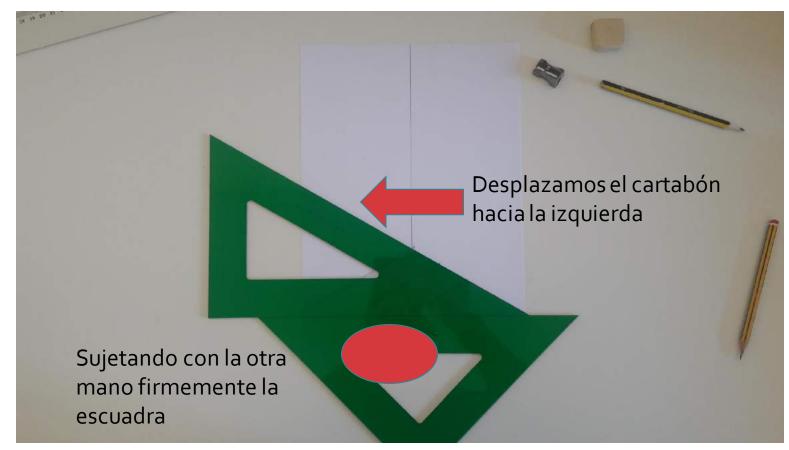




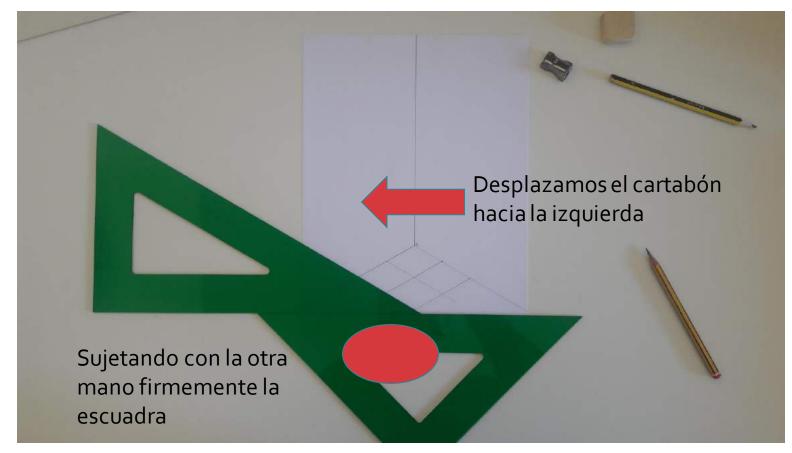




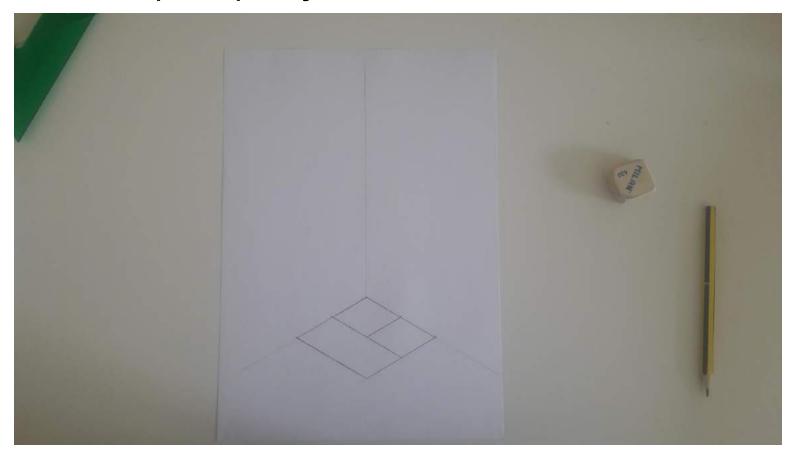




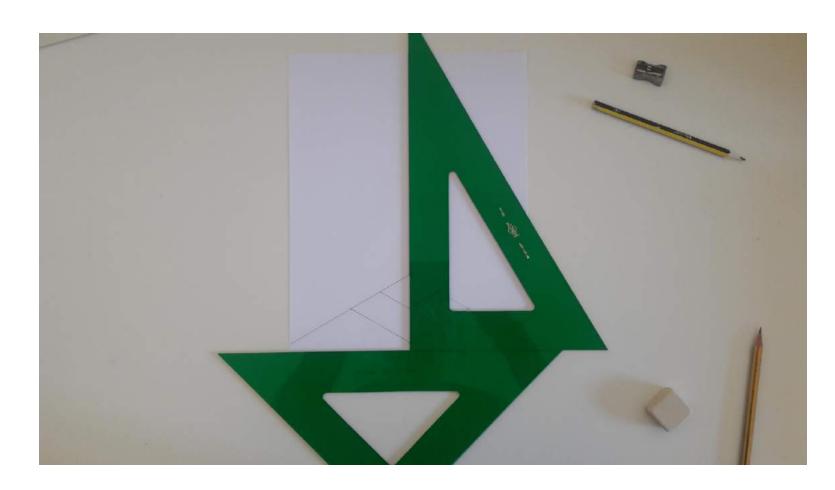


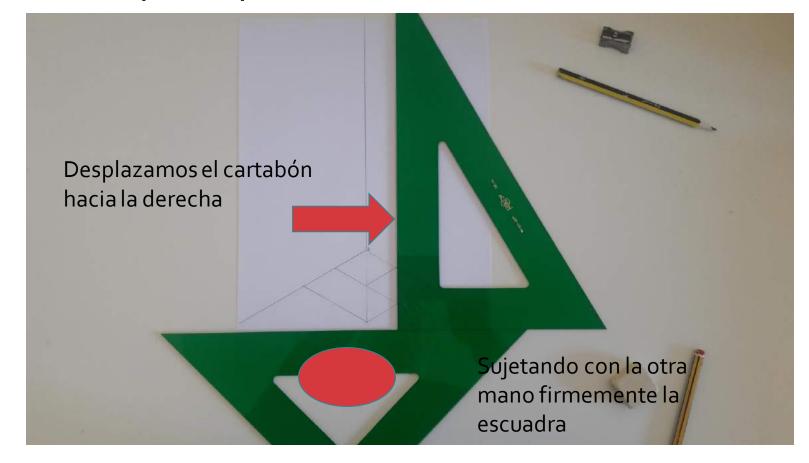


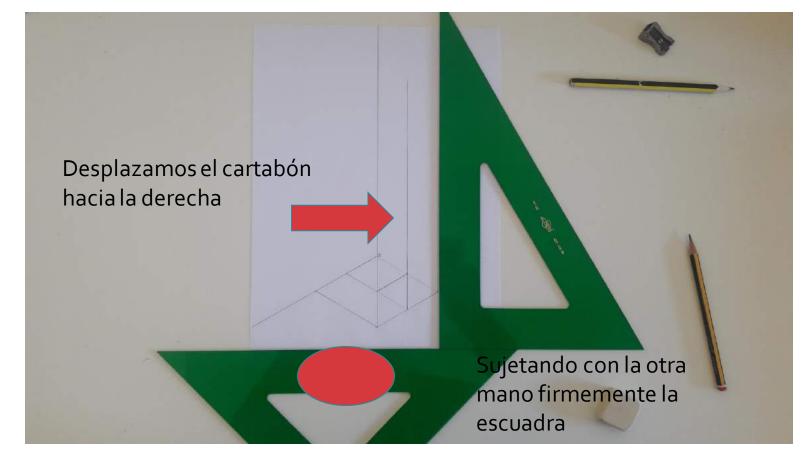
Borramos las líneas que sobran dejando sólo el dibujo de la planta y los ejes

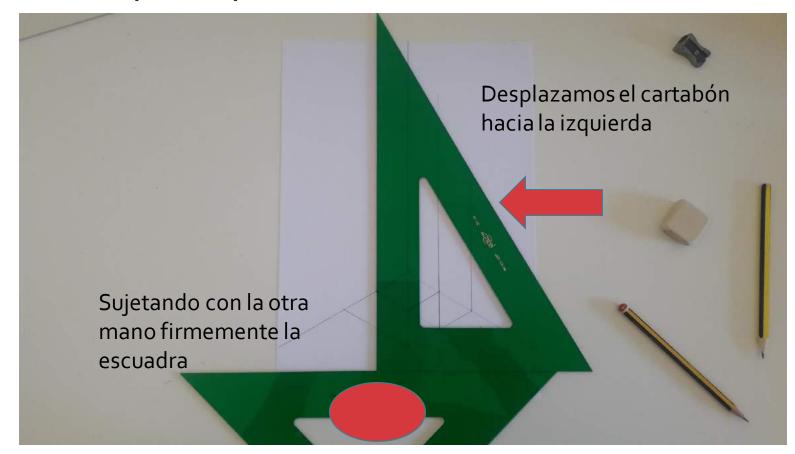


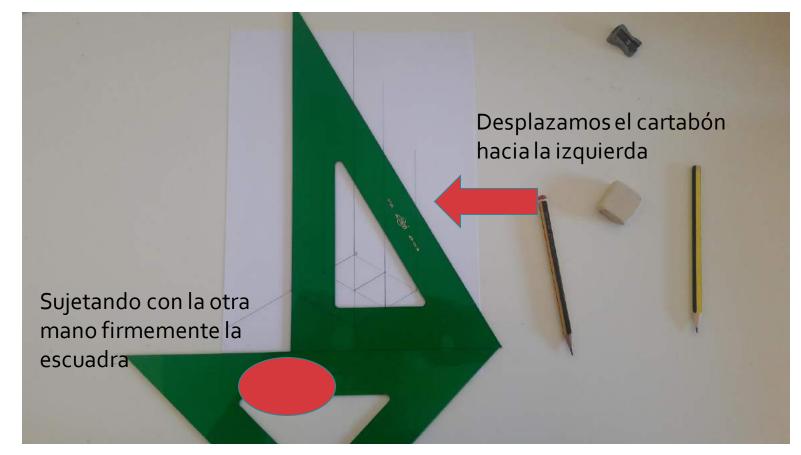
Para ello realizamos paralelas al eje Z por todas las esquinas la planta. Posiblemente algunas esquinas coinciden con eje al colocar la rega.

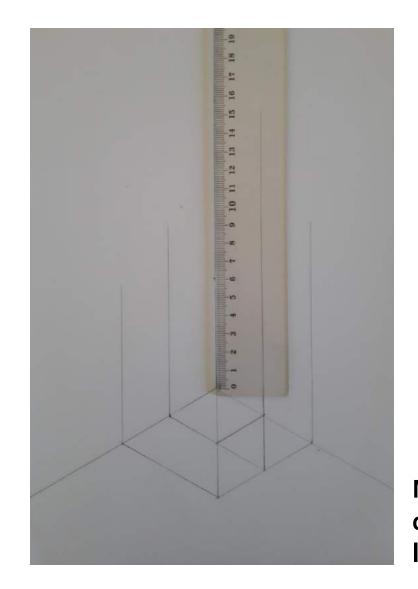


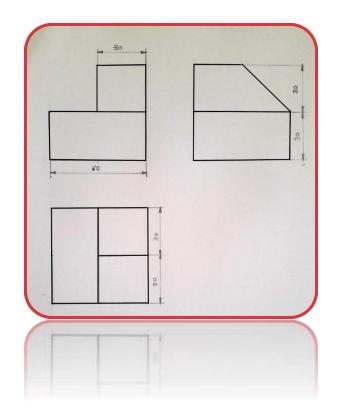




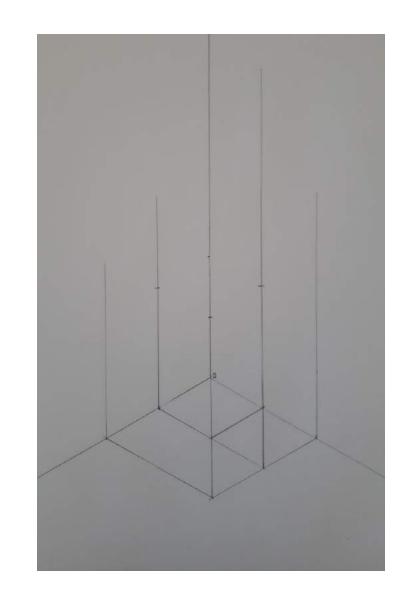


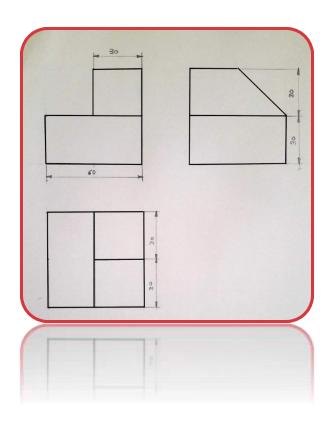




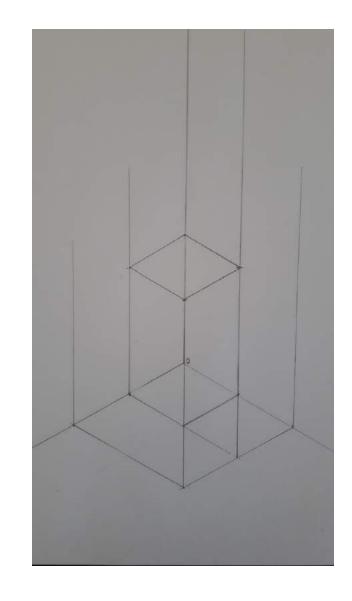


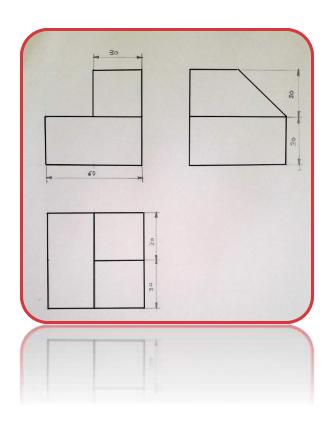
Medimos desde las esquinas del cuadrado que está tocando la intersección de los ejes



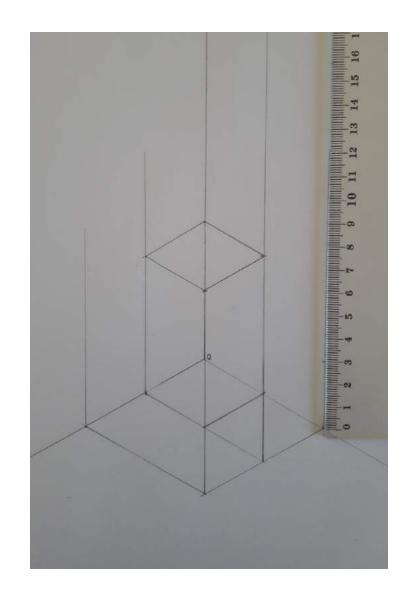


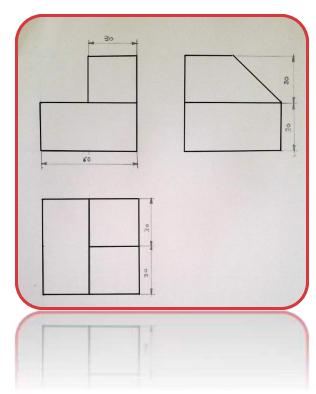
En las cuatro esquinas



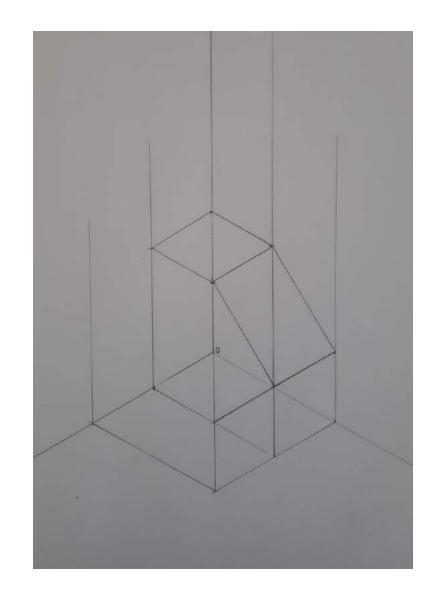


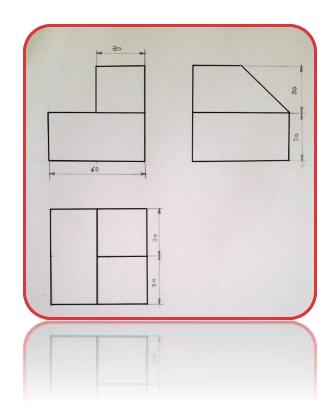
Unimos las cuatro esquinas



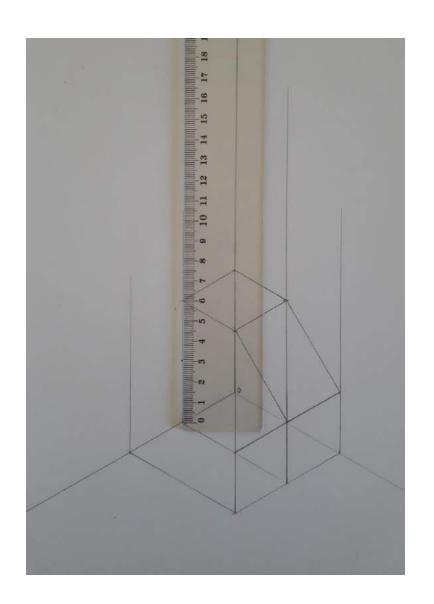


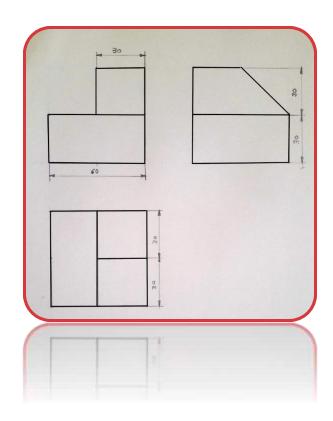
Medimos en el cuadrado que tenemos delante del anterior. En este caso sólo las esquinas que más se desplazan en el eje X.



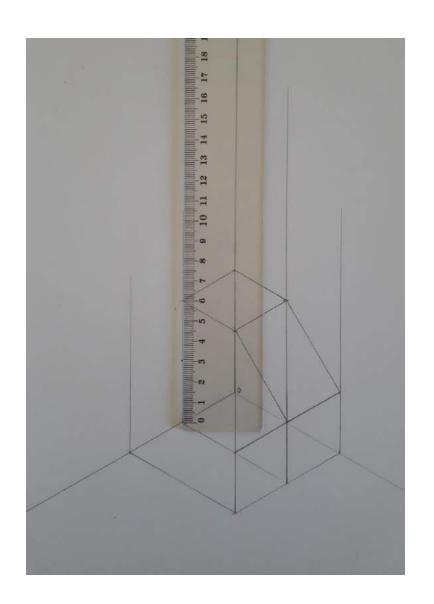


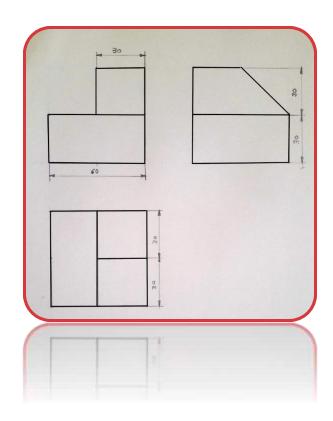
Unimos formando una rampa como vemos en la vista perfil.



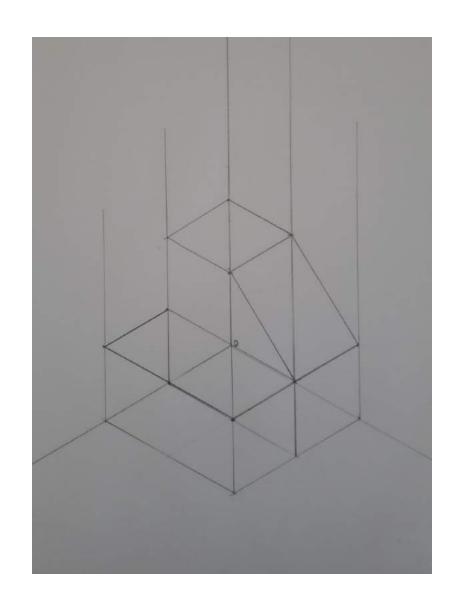


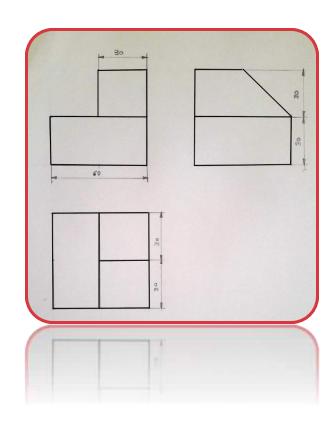
Por último, medimos las esquinas del rectángulo de la planta.





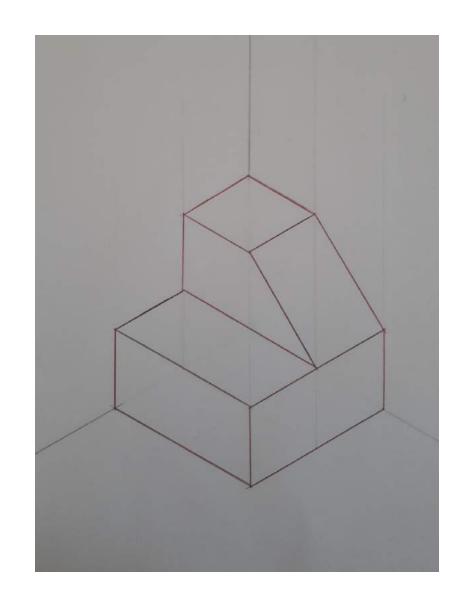
Por último, medimos las esquinas del rectángulo de la planta.

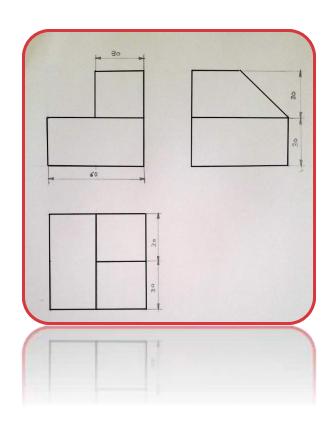




Y unimos.

Repasamos la figura y borramos las líneas que sobran







Aquí tienes el video